Chemistry

Key Stage 2 Curriculum includes



	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12	Year 13
Autumn 1	Atoms Atoms elements and compounds Equations Equations Separating mixtures Scientific models of the atom Subatomic particles Isotopes and ions Electronic configuration The development of the periodic table	Year 10 Energy and Chemical Change Oxidation and reduction The reactivity series Displacement reactions Extraction of metals Losing and gaining electrons The pH scale Neutralisation of Acids Soluble salts and insoluble bases Strong and weak	Year 11 Identifying substances Pure and impure substances Formulations Chromatography Gas tests	Atomic structure The atom Atomic models Relative mass The mass spectrometer Using mass spectra Electronic structure Ionising energies Amount of substances The mole Gases and the mole Chemical equations Titrations Formulas Chemical yield	Flectrode potentials and cell Electrode potentials Standard electrode potentials Electrochemical series Electrochemical cells Acids, Bases and pH Acids bases and Kw pH calculations The acid dissociation constant Titration d pH curves Titration calculations Buffer action Calculating the pH of Buffers Period 3 elements
Autumn 2	• Group 0 • Group 7 • Group 1	acids Electrolysis Oxidation and reduction Extraction of metals Electrolysis of aqueous solutions	Atmosphere • The earth's atmosphere • The atmosphere today • Increase of oxygen levels • Decrease of carbon dioxide levels • Greenhouse gases • The impact of human activity	 Atom economy Bonding lonic Bonding Covalent Bonding Chare clouds Shapes of molecules Polarisation Intermolecular forces Metallic bonding Properties of metals Energetics Enthalpy 	 Period 3 ceiments Period 3 oxides Transition Metals Complex ions Isomerism in complex ions Formation of coloured compounds Ligand substitution reactions Variable oxidation states Transition metals titrations Metal aqua ions Isomers and carbonyl compounds Optical isomerism

			 Global climate change Carbon footprints 	 Bond Enthalpies Measuring Enthalpy changes Hess' Law 	 Aldehydes ad Ketones Hydroxy nitriles Carbocyclic acids and esters Reaction's and uses of esters Acyl chlorides Acid anhydrides Purifying organic compounds Aromatic compounds and amines Aromatic compounds Reactions of aromatics Amines and amides Reactions of amines
Spring 1	The three states of matter Changing states Identifying states of a substance State symbols Chemical bonds Ionic bonding Properties of ionic compounds Covalent bonding Small molecules Giant covalent structures Graphene	 Calculating the rate of reaction Collision theory Plotting the reaction rates Catalysts Reversible reactions Closed systems Changing reaction conditions 	Sustainable development Drinking water Waste water treatment Alternative methods of extracting metals Life cycle assessment s Reducing the use of resources	Kinetics Reaction rates Catalysts Measuring reaction rates Equilibria and redox reactions Reversible reactions Industrial processes The equilibrium constant Factors effecting the equilibrium constant Redox reactions Redox equations	Polymers
Spring 2	 Fullerenes Polymers Metallic bonding Properties of metals alloys 			Periodicity The periodic table Periodicity Group 2 and group 7 elements Group 2 Group 2 Group 2 Group 7	 Further synthesis and Analysis Organic synthesis NMR spectroscopy C NMR H NMR Chromatography Gas chromatography

	 Halide ions Tests for ions Introduction to organic chemistry Formulas Functional groups Nomenclature Mechanisms] Isomers E/Z isomers
Summer 1 Conservation of mass Relative formula mass Apparent change in mass Amount of substances Calculating the amount of substances Balanced equations Limiting reactions Concentrations of solutions	Alkanes and Halogenoalkanes

	Out of Audion
	Organic Analysis
	Tests for functional
	groups
	Mass spectrometry
	Infrared
	spectroscopy
Summer2 Organics	Thermodynamics
Crude oils and	Enthalpy changes
hydrocarbons	Born Haber cycles
Fractional	Enthalpies of
distillation	solution
Alkanes	• Entropy
Burning fuels	Free energy change
Cracking	
hydrocarbons	Rate equation and Kp
Bromine water	Monitoring
	reactions
	Reaction rates and
	graphs
	Rate equations
	The initial rate
	methods
	Clock reactions
	Rate and
	concentration
	graph
	The rate
	determining step
	The Arrhenius
	equation
	Gas equilibria
	Changing gas
	equilibria